

Panaji, 11th June, 2015 (Jyaistha 21, 1937)

SERIES I No. 11

OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT OF GOA GAZETTE



PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

NOTE

There is one Extraordinary issue to the Official Gazette, Series I No. 10 dated 4-6-2015, namely Extraordinary dated 10-6-2015 from pages 567 to 568 regarding The Goa Municipalities (Amendment) Ordinance, 2015 — Not. No. 8/3/2015-LA from Department of Law & Judiciary (Legal Affairs Division).

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GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Department of Animal Husbandry &
Veterinary Services

Notification

14-55/AHVS/2015-16/1183

Read: Notification No. 14-55/AHVS/2012-13/5621, dated 30-1-2013.

Government is pleased to notify amendments to the notification read above relating to "Pashupalan Scheme" published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 45 dated 7-2-2013 vide order No. 14-15/AHVS/2012-13/5621 dated 30-1-2013 as follows:—

Sr. No.	Existing	Amended
1	2	3
	Objectives:—	
1.	To help the farmers to rear the cross-bred calves from 16 months to 27 months in continuation of the existing calf rearing schemes.	Deleted
	Eligibility:—	
2.	All farmers having cross-bred calves up to 15 months under Special Calf Rearing Scheme covered.	Deleted
	Eligibility:—	Eligibility:—
3.	All the farmers having cross-bred calves and improved buffalo calves either born out of A.I. or calves bought along with animals under Kamdhenu Scheme or Western Ghat Scheme or Modern Dairy Scheme.	All the farmers having cross-bred female calves and improved buffalo female calves either born out of A.I. or calves born to existing cows and buffaloes purchased locally or bought along with animals under Kamdhenu Scheme or Western Ghat Scheme or Modern Dairy Scheme/ /purchased locally.
	Procedure:—	Procedure:—
4.	The scheme consists of two parts. The 1st part consists of three phases. The first phase deals with the Artificial Insemination of the local cows & buffaloes. The second phase is the confirmation of pregnancy and feeding incentive.	The scheme consists of three phases. The first phase deals with the Artificial Insemination of the cows and buffaloes. The second phase is the confirmation of pregnancy and feeding incentive.
	Procedure:—	Procedure:—
5.	The third phase deals with rearing of the calf from birth to 27 months. It will also include the cross-bred calves born out of A.I. to local cows, buffaloes and improved buffalo calves bought along with animals under Kamdhenu Scheme or Western Ghat Scheme or Modern Dairy Scheme or other existing Scheme.	The third phase deals with rearing of the calf from birth to 27 months. It will also include the cross-bred female calves born out of A.I. to local cows, buffaloes and improved buffalo female calves or calves born to existing cows and buffaloes purchased locally or bought along with animals under Kamdhenu Scheme or Western Ghat Scheme or Modern Dairy Scheme or other existing Scheme.
	Procedure:—	Deleted
6.	The 2nd part of the scheme deals with the rearing of local cross-bred calves/heifers (from 16 month to 27 month) which have been covered up to 15 months under Special Calf Rearing Scheme.	
	Part One: (A. Phase 1) (pt. 1)	Part One: (A. Phase 1) (pt. 1)
7.	No documents are required to be submitted by the farmer.	1. The case certificate if SC/ST/Dhangar is required to be submitted by the farmer. 2. The farmer shall submit xerox copy of bank saving account book indicating account number, MICR code and IFSC code.
	Part One: (B. Phase 2) (pt. 4)	Deleted
8.	To avail the benefits of the scheme the farmer should purchase the feed from a dealer or any Co-operative having printed receipt of bills.	

1	2	3
9.	Part One: (C. Phase 3) (pt. 7) To avail the benefits of the scheme the farmer should purchase the feed from a dealer having printed receipt of bills.	Deleted
10.	Part Two: (Point 1 to Point 6) <i>Guidelines for Release of Subsidy: (pt. 2)</i> Beneficiary shall submit quarterly the original feed purchase bills for each quarter to the area Veterinary Officer or Assistant Director.	Deleted <i>Guidelines for Release of Subsidy: (pt. 2)</i> The Assistant Director/Veterinary Officer of the respective area shall submit the quarterly weight gain certificate to the head office for approval as per Annexure 'A', for release of subsidy for each quarter.
11.	Form No. VI (Part 2)	Deleted

The expenditure towards the implementation of the said Scheme shall be debited to the following Budget Head of Account:

2404—Dairy Development; 00—; 102—Dairy Development Project; 03—Special Calf Rearing Scheme (Plan); 33—Subsidies.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Dr. B. Braganza, Director & ex officio Joint Secretary (AH).

Panaji, 29th May, 2015.

ANNEXURE "A"

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that I have examined on this day of 20..... a female cross-bred calf/improved female buffalo calf belonging to Shri/Smt. R/o registered under Regd. No. and bearing Microchip No. sanctioned as per the Head Office Order No. dated under "Pashupalan Scheme" of the Directorate of Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Services.

The said female cross-bred calf/improved female buffalo calf has gained a body weight of kgs. for the quarter ending months as per the approved pattern of the Pashupalan Scheme.

The eligible subsidy of Rs. (Rupees only) may be released to the beneficiary.

His/Her Bank details are:

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Name of the Bank: | 2. Branch: |
| 3. Account Number: | 4. MICR Number: |
| 5. IFSC code: | 6. ECS code: |

It is further certified that, I have personally verified the said records and shall be fully responsible in case of misrepresentation of facts or concealing any information or in case any information is found to be false.

Date:

Signature of the Ext. Officer (AH)

Date:

Signature of Assistant Director/Veterinary Officer
with Office Stamp

Department of Law & Judiciary
Legal Affairs Division

Notification

10/3/2014-LA

The Delhi Appropriation (No. 2) Act, 2014 (Central Act No. 26 of 2014), which has been passed by Parliament and assented to by the President on 7-8-2014 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 7-8-2014, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

Julio Barbosa Noronha, Under Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 10th March, 2015.

THE DELHI APPROPRIATION (No. 2)
ACT, 2014

AN

ACT

to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the National Capital Territory of Delhi for the services in respect of the financial year 2014-15.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.*— This Act may be called the Delhi Appropriation (No. 2) Act, 2014.

2. *Issue of Rs. 36766,00,00,000 from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the National Capital Territory of Delhi for financial year 2014-15.*— From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the National Capital Territory of Delhi, there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule, amounting in the aggregate [inclusive of the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule to the Delhi Appropriation (Vote on Account) Act, 2014] to the sum of thirty-six thousand seven hundred and sixty-six crore rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 2014-15, in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule. 14 of 2014.

3. *Appropriation.*— The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of National Capital Territory of Delhi by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE
(See sections 2 and 3)

1 No. of Vote/ /Appro- prietion	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Legislative Assembly Revenue	17,00,00,000	81,00,000	17,81,00,000
2	General Administration Revenue	125,35,00,000	9,72,00,000	135,07,00,000
3	Administration of Justice Revenue	528,46,40,000	161,33,50,000	689,79,90,000
	Capital	2,07,00,000	...	2,07,00,000
4	Finance Revenue	216,74,50,000	50,000	216,75,00,000
	Capital	24,01,00,000	...	24,01,00,000
5	Home Revenue	401,46,69,000	52,00,000	401,98,69,000

1	2	3		
6	Education	Revenue	5741,68,63,000	30,50,000 5741,99,13,000
		Capital	219,60,00,000	... 219,60,00,000
7	Medical and Public Health	Revenue	3711,82,36,000	92,75,000 3712,75,11,000
		Capital	1,15,00,000	... 1,15,00,000
8	Social Welfare	Revenue	3309,17,00,000	... 3309,17,00,000
		Capital	1507,01,00,000	... 1507,01,00,000
9	Industries	Revenue	273,93,23,000	3,84,000 273,97,07,000
		Capital	71,87,00,000	... 71,87,00,000
10	Development	Revenue	1900,08,90,000	18,20,000 1900,27,10,000
		Capital	397,35,00,000	3,00,000 397,38,00,000
11	Urban Development and Public Works	Revenue	7745,74,00,000	4,00,000 7745,78,00,000
		Capital	5322,80,00,000	... 5322,80,00,000
	<i>Public Debt.</i>	Revenue	...	3279,53,00,000 3279,53,00,000
		Capital	...	1676,73,00,000 1676,73,00,000
12	Loans	Capital	2,50,00,000	... 2,50,00,000
13	Pension	Revenue	116,00,00,000	... 116,00,00,000
	Total		31635,82,71,000	5130,17,29,000 36766,00,00,000

Notification

10/3/2014-LA

The Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 2014 (Central Act No. 24 of 2014), which has been passed by Parliament and assented to by the President on 28-7-2014 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 1, dated 28-7-2014, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

Julio Barbosa Noronha, Under Secretary (Law).

Porvorim, 10th March, 2015.

THE APPROPRIATION (No. 3) ACT, 2014

AN

ACT

to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 2014-2015.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.*— This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 2014.

2. *Issue of Rs. 6049103,67,00,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 2014-15.*— From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate [inclusive of the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule to the

Appropriation (Vote on Account) Act, 2014] to the sum of sixty lakh forty nine thousand 12 of 2014. one hundred and three crore and sixty-seven lakh rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 2014-15 in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. *Appropriation.*— The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

4. *Construction of references to Ministries and Departments in the Schedule.*— References to Ministries or Departments in the Schedule are to such Ministries or Departments as existing immediately before the 27th August, 2013 and shall, on or after that date, be construed as references to the appropriate Ministries or Departments as reconstituted from time to time.

THE SCHEDULE

(See sections 2, 3 and 4)

1 No. of Vote	2 Services and purposes	3 Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament Rs.	Charged on the Consolidated Fund Rs.	Total Rs.
1	Department of Agriculture and Co-operation .....Revenue	22603,06,00,000	...	22603,06,00,000
	Capital	49,19,00,000	...	49,19,00,000
2	Department of Agricultural Research and Education .....Revenue	6144,39,00,000	...	6144,39,00,000
3	Department of Animal Husbandary, Dairying and Fisheries .....Revenue	2726,13,00,000	...	2726,13,00,000
	Capital	20,18,00,000	...	20,18,00,000
4	Atomic Energy .....Revenue	6829,02,00,000	1,00,00,000	6830,02,00,000
	Capital	4408,42,00,000	11,00,00,000	4419,42,00,000
5	Nuclear Power Schemes .....Revenue	4223,49,00,000	...	4223,49,00,000
	Capital	674,00,00,000	...	674,00,00,000
6	Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals .....Revenue	235,16,00,000	...	235,16,00,000
	Capital	35,52,00,000	...	35,52,00,000
7	Department of Fertilisers .....Revenue	77112,30,00,000	...	77112,30,00,000
	Capital	87,70,00,000	...	87,70,00,000
8	Department of Pharmaceuticals .....Revenue	217,83,00,000	...	217,83,00,000
	Capital	30,04,00,000	...	30,04,00,000
9	Ministry of Civil Aviation .....Revenue	837,92,00,000	...	837,92,00,000
	Capital	6540,10,00,000	...	6540,10,00,000
10	Ministry of Coal .....Revenue	600,00,00,000	...	600,00,00,000
	Capital	1647,00,00,000	...	1647,00,00,000
11	Department of Commerce .....Revenue	5552,00,00,000	50,00,000	5552,50,00,000
	Capital	304,50,00,000	...	304,50,00,000
12	Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion .....Revenue	1839,27,00,000	...	1839,27,00,000
	Capital	105,75,00,000	...	105,75,00,000
13	Department of Posts .....Revenue	18141,35,00,000	20,00,000	18141,55,00,000
	Capital	518,30,00,000	...	518,30,00,000

1	2	3			
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
14	Department of Telecommunications	Revenue	14267,06,00,000	....	14267,06,00,000
		Capital	3798,00,00,000	....	3798,00,00,000
15	Department of Electronics and Information Technology	Revenue	3734,10,00,000	....	3734,10,00,000
		Capital	195,00,00,000	....	195,00,00,000
16	Department of Consumer Affairs	Revenue	283,49,00,000	....	283,49,00,000
		Capital	27,30,00,000	....	27,30,00,000
17	Department of Food and Public Distribution	Revenue	115606,09,00,000	....	115606,09,00,000
		Capital	10678,25,00,000	....	10678,25,00,000
18	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Revenue	231,51,00,000	....	231,51,00,000
		Capital	23,74,00,000	....	23,74,00,000
19	Ministry of Culture	Revenue	2443,00,00,000	....	2443,00,00,000
		Capital	68,00,00,000	....	68,00,00,000
20	Ministry of Defence	Revenue	14956,64,00,000	51,00,000	14957,15,00,000
		Capital	1620,72,00,000	....	1620,72,00,000
21	Defence Pensions	Revenue	50999,30,00,000	70,00,000	51000,00,00,000
22	Defence Services—Army	Revenue	95294,87,00,000	42,95,00,000	95337,82,00,000
23	Defence Services—Navy	Revenue	14157,60,00,000	18,19,00,000	14175,79,00,000
24	Defence Services—Air Force	Revenue	21202,14,00,000	4,70,00,000	21206,84,00,000
25	Defence Ordnance Factories	Revenue	14308,65,00,000	8,00,00,000	14316,65,00,000
26	Defence Services—Research and Development	Revenue	6039,06,00,000	61,00,000	6039,67,00,000
27	Capital Outlay on Defence Services	Capital	94257,00,00,000	330,95,00,000	94587,95,00,000
28	Ministry of Development of North Eastern Region	Revenue	2151,78,00,000	....	2151,78,00,000
		Capital	351,00,00,000	....	351,00,00,000
29	Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation.....	Revenue	15266,85,00,000	....	15266,85,00,000
30	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Revenue	1515,07,00,000	10,00,000	1515,17,00,000
		Capital	187,06,00,000	....	187,06,00,000
31	Ministry of Environment and Forests	Revenue	2404,39,00,000	....	2404,39,00,000
		Capital	106,11,00,000	....	106,11,00,000
32	Ministry of External Affairs	Revenue	11264,35,00,000	3,00,000	11264,38,00,000
		Capital	3466,01,00,000	....	3466,01,00,000
33	Department of Economic Affairs	Revenue	15719,27,00,000	....	15719,27,00,000
		Capital	6271,15,00,000	....	6271,15,00,000
34	Departement of Financial Services	Revenue	8186,09,00,000	....	8186,09,00,000
		Capital	24650,01,00,000	....	24650,01,00,000
	CHARGED.— <i>Interest Payments</i>	Revenue	....	449882,66,00,000	449882,66,00,000
36	Transfers to State and Union territory Governments	Revenue	70757,00,00,000	64675,00,00,000	135432,00,00,000
		Capital	....	13000,00,00,000	13000,00,00,000
37	Loans to Government Servants, etc.	Capital	200,00,00,000	....	200,00,00,000
	CHARGED.— <i>Repayment of Debt</i>	Capital	....	4064025,03,00,000	4064025,03,00,000
39	Department of Expenditure	Revenue	155,90,00,000	....	155,90,00,000
40	Pensions	Revenue	24683,00,00,000	95,00,00,000	24778,00,00,000
41	Indian Audit and Accounts Department.	Revenue	3221,05,00,000	101,03,00,000	3322,08,00,000
		Capital	15,00,00,000	....	15,00,00,000
42	Department of Revenue	Revenue	726,88,00,000	2,00,000	726,90,00,000
		Capital	106,01,00,000	....	106,01,00,000

1	2	3		
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
43	Direct Taxes	Revenue	4342,89,00,000	.... 4342,89,00,000
		Capital	752,00,00,000	.... 752,00,00,000
44	Indirect Taxes	Revenue	4884,02,00,000	50,00,000 4884,52,00,000
		Capital	271,31,00,000	.... 271,31,00,000
45	Department of Disinvestment	Revenue	50,00,00,000	.... 50,00,00,000
46	Ministry of Food Processing Industries...	Revenue	785,86,00,000	.... 785,86,00,000
47	Department of Health and Family Welfare	Revenue	36481,30,00,000	.... 36481,30,00,000
		Capital	1964,49,00,000	.... 1964,49,00,000
48	Department of Ayurveda, Yoga and Naturopathy, Unani, Siddha and Homoeopathy (AYUSH)	Revenue	1252,05,00,000	.... 1252,05,00,000
		Capital	20,10,00,000	.... 20,10,00,000
49	Department of Health Research	Revenue	1017,67,00,000	.... 1017,67,00,000
50	Department of AIDS Control	Revenue	1702,00,00,000	.... 1702,00,00,000
		Capital	83,00,00,000	.... 83,00,00,000
51	Department of Heavy Industry	Revenue	672,56,00,000	.... 672,56,00,000
		Capital	571,06,00,000	.... 571,06,00,000
52	Department of Public Enterprises	Revenue	18,82,00,000	.... 18,82,00,000
53	Ministry of Home Affairs	Revenue	1534,44,00,000	.... 1534,44,00,000
		Capital	110,23,00,000	.... 110,23,00,000
54	Cabinet	Revenue	433,52,00,000	.... 433,52,00,000
55	Police	Revenue	50019,52,00,000	12,84,00,000 50032,36,00,000
		Capital	9863,48,00,000	7,92,00,000 9871,40,00,000
56	Other Expenditure of the Ministry of Home Affairs	Revenue	2230,26,00,000	3,00,000 2230,29,00,000
		Capital	259,54,00,000	.... 259,54,00,000
57	Transfers to Union territory Governments	Revenue	1654,50,00,000	.... 1654,50,00,000
		Capital	72,00,00,000	.... 72,00,00,000
58	Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation	Revenue	6008,62,00,000	.... 6008,62,00,000
59	Department of School Education and Literacy	Revenue	82695,10,00,000	.... 82695,10,00,000
60	Department of Higher Education	Revenue	27656,00,00,000	.... 27656,00,00,000
61	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.....	Revenue	3287,15,00,000	.... 3287,15,00,000
		Capital	28,85,00,000	.... 28,85,00,000
62	Ministry of Labour and Employment.....	Revenue	5783,78,00,000	.... 5783,78,00,000
		Capital	19,53,00,000	.... 19,53,00,000
63	Election Commission	Revenue	68,00,00,000	.... 68,00,00,000
		Capital	1,00,00,000	.... 1,00,00,000
64	Law and Justice	Revenue	1992,88,00,000	.... 1992,88,00,000
		Capital	54,37,00,000	.... 54,37,00,000
	CHARGED.— <i>Supreme Court of India</i>	Revenue	....	134,36,00,000 134,36,00,000
66	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Revenue	3693,48,00,000	.... 3693,48,00,000
		Capital	8,80,00,000	.... 8,80,00,000
67	Ministry of Mines	Revenue	1010,99,00,000	5,00,000 1011,04,00,000
		Capital	93,22,00,000	.... 93,22,00,000

1	2	3		
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
68	Ministry of Minority Affairs	Revenue	3614,01,00,000	.... 3614,01,00,000
		Capital	120,00,00,000	.... 120,00,00,000
69	Ministry of New and Renewable Energy	Revenue	2439,39,00,000	.... 2439,39,00,000
		Capital	95,00,00,000	.... 95,00,00,000
70	Ministry of Overseas Indian Affairs	Revenue	133,98,00,000	.... 133,98,00,000
		Capital	15,00,00,000	.... 15,00,00,000
71	Ministry of Panchayati Raj	Revenue	7000,70,00,000	.... 7000,70,00,000
72	Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs	Revenue	14,35,00,000	.... 14,35,00,000
73	Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions	Revenue	941,99,00,000	2,50,00,000 944,49,00,000
		Capital	122,92,00,000	3,00,00,000 125,92,00,000
	<i>CHARGED.— Central Vigilance Commission.</i>	Revenue	....	20,35,00,000 20,35,00,000
75	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas.....	Revenue	63542,00,00,000	.... 63542,00,00,000
		Capital	1,00,00,000	.... 1,00,00,000
76	Ministry of Planning	Revenue	1828,36,00,000	.... 1828,36,00,000
		Capital	778,50,00,000	.... 778,50,00,000
77	Ministry of Power	Revenue	7738,30,00,000	.... 7738,30,00,000
		Capital	2986,50,00,000	.... 2986,50,00,000
	<i>CHARGED.—Staff, Household and Allowances of the President</i>	Revenue	.....	38,25,00,000 38,25,00,000
79	Lok Sabha	Revenue	561,99,00,000	87,00,000 562,86,00,000
80	Rajya Sabha	Revenue	317,56,00,000	107,00,000 318,63,00,000
	<i>CHARGED.—Union Public Service Commission</i>	Revenue	.....	170,81,00,000 170,81,00,000
82	Secretariat of the Vice-President	Revenue	3,81,00,000	.... 3,81,00,000
83	Ministry of Road Transport and Highways	Revenue	19603,37,00,000	.... 19603,37,00,000
		Capital	37436,27,00,000	56,00,00,000 37492,27,00,000
84	Department of Rural Development	Revenue	121746,83,00,000	.... 121746,83,00,000
85	Department of Land Resources	Revenue	3759,13,00,000	.... 3759,13,00,000
86	Department of Science and Technology	Revenue	3546,02,00,000	2,00,000 3546,04,00,000
		Capital	21,08,00,000	.... 21,08,00,000
87	Department of Scientific and Industrial Research	Revenue	3671,15,00,000	.... 3671,15,00,000
		Capital	36,00,00,000	.... 36,00,00,000
88	Department of Biotechnology	Revenue	1517,21,00,000	.... 1517,21,00,000
89	Ministry of Shipping	Revenue	1258,66,00,000	.... 1258,66,00,000
		Capital	516,08,00,000	.... 516,08,00,000
90	Department of Social Justice and Empowerment	Revenue	5750,74,00,000	.... 5750,74,00,000
		Capital	462,00,00,000	.... 462,00,00,000

1	2	3			
		Rs.	Rs.		
91	Department of Disability Affairs	Revenue	595,89,00,000	....	595,89,00,000
		Capital	37,00,00,000	....	37,00,00,000
92	Department of Space	Revenue	3583,56,00,000	50,00,000	3584,06,00,000
		Capital	3653,58,00,000	40,00,000	3653,98,00,000
93	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Revenue	4905,78,00,000	....	4905,78,00,000
		Capital	18,10,00,000	....	18,10,00,000
94	Ministry of Steel	Revenue	92,92,00,000	....	92,92,00,000
95	Ministry of Textiles	Revenue	5547,70,00,000	....	5547,70,00,000
		Capital	114,39,00,000	35,34,00,000	149,73,00,000
96	Ministry of Tourism	Revenue	1965,21,00,000	....	1965,21,00,000
		Capital	1,50,00,000	....	1,50,00,000
97	Ministry of Tribal Affairs	Revenue	514,33,00,000	3913,63,00,000	4427,96,00,000
		Capital	70,00,00,000	....	70,00,00,000
98	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Revenue	3046,77,00,000	1,00,000	3046,78,00,000
		Capital	566,60,00,000	....	566,60,00,000
99	Chandigarh	Revenue	3044,70,00,000	19,80,00,000	3064,50,00,000
		Capital	478,75,00,000	....	478,75,00,000
100	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	Revenue	569,93,00,000	3,00,000	569,96,00,000
		Capital	274,96,00,000	....	274,96,00,000
101	Daman and Diu	Revenue	1291,03,00,000	2,00,000	1291,05,00,000
		Capital	348,07,00,000	....	348,07,00,000
102	Lakshadweep	Revenue	837,74,00,000	....	837,74,00,000
		Capital	227,90,00,000	....	227,90,00,000
103	Department of Urban Development	Revenue	8633,60,00,000	61,80,00,000	8695,40,00,000
		Capital	8826,20,00,000	107,00,00,000	8933,20,00,000
104	Public Works	Revenue	1513,67,00,000	1,03,00,000	1514,70,00,000
		Capital	832,32,00,000	1,00,00,000	833,32,00,000
105	Stationery and Printing	Revenue	273,98,00,000	....	277,98,00,000
		Capital	1,15,00,000	....	1,15,00,000
106	Ministry of Water Resources	Revenue	15143,11,00,000	....	15143,11,00,000
		Capital	228,63,00,000	4,00,00,000	232,63,00,000
107	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Revenue	21193,88,00,000	....	21193,88,00,000
108	Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports	Revenue	1768,10,00,000	....	1768,10,00,000
		Capital	90,00,000	....	90,00,000
TOTAL:			1452312,36,00,000	4596791,31,00,000	6049103,67,00,000

Department of Personnel

Notification

15/7/2003-PER/1717

Read: Notification No. 15/7/2003-PER dated 13-5-2015.

In accordance with the Recruitment Rules for the post of Mamlatdar/Joint Mamlatdar/Asstt. Director of Civil Supplies, notified vide Notification No. 1/25/87-PER dated 17-4-1996 published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 9 dated 31-5-1996 and in accordance with sub-rule (2) of Rule 2 of the Goa Departmental Examination for the Officers in the Cadre of Mamlatdars/Joint Mamlatdars/Asstt. Director of Civil Supplies Rules, 1997, notified under Notification No. 15/50/87-PER-Part I dated 12-12-1997 and published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 44 dated 29-1-1998, the schedule for the Departmental Examination shall be as under:—

Date of Examination	Morning Session 10 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Evening Session 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.
1	2	3
23-6-2015	Paper (I)	Paper (II)
24-6-2015	Paper (III)	Paper (IV)
25-6-2015	Paper (V)	Paper (VI)

The syllabus for the said examination shall be in accordance with the Goa Departmental Examination for the Officers in the Cadre of Mamlatdar/Joint Mamlatdar/Asstt. Director of Civil Supplies (First Amendment) Rules, 2011 notified under Notification No. 15/7/2003-PER dated 17-2-2011 and published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 49 dated 3-3-2011.

The examination shall be held in the Goa Public Service Commission, EDC House, Block "C", 1st Floor, Dada Vaidya Road, Panaji-Goa.

The following Officers in the above Cadre shall appear for the Examination on the above mentioned date and time. They may bring the text books of the Act and Rules prescribed for the examination.

1. Shri Rajesh S. Ajgaonkar.
2. Smt. Seema Salkar alias Veera Nayak.
3. Shri Satish R. Prabhu.
4. Shri Madhu G. Narvekar.
5. Shri Ravishekhar G. Nipanikar.
6. Shri Joao B. Fernandes.

This issues in supersession to the Notification read in preamble.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Umeshchandra L. Joshi, Under Secretary (Personnel-I).

Porvorim, 2nd June, 2015.

Notification

15/22/96-PER/Part-I/1684

In accordance with the Recruitment Rules for the post of Block Development Officer, notified vide Notification No. 1/25/87-PER (Pt. II) dated 30-4-2003 published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 8 dated 22-5-2003 and superseded vide Notification No. 1/25/87-PER (Pt. II) dated 6-2-2013 published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 46 dated 14-2-2013 and in accordance with sub-rule (2) of Rule 2 of the Goa (Departmental Examination for the Block Development Officers) Rules, 1999, notified under Notification No. 15/22/96-PER-Part I dated 4-10-1999 and published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 30 dated 21-10-1999, the schedule for the Departmental Examination for Block Development Officers shall be as under:—

Date of Examination	Morning Session 10 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Evening Session 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.
1	2	3
22-6-2015	Paper (I)	Paper (II)
23-6-2015	Paper (III)	Paper (IV)
24-6-2015	Paper (V)	Paper (VI)
25-6-2015	Paper (VII)	Paper (VIII)
26-6-2015	Paper (IX)	Paper (X)

The syllabus for the said examination shall be in accordance to the Goa (Departmental Examination for the Block Development Officers) Rules, 1999, notified under Notification No. 15/22/96-PER-Part I dated 4-10-1999 and published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 30 dated 21-10-1999 and the Goa (Departmental Examination for the Block Development Officers) (First Amendment) Rules, 2011, notified under Notification No. 15-22-96-PER/Part I dated 27-7-2011 and published in the Official Gazette, Series I No. 21 dated 25-8-2011.

The Examination shall be held in the Office of the Goa Public Service Commission, Panaji.

Shri Premanand K. Naik, Officer in the Cadre of Block Development Officer shall appear for the Examination on the above mentioned date and time. He may bring the text books, Acts and Rules prescribed in the syllable for the Examination.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Umeshchandra L. Joshi, Under Secretary (Personnel-I).

Porvorim, 29th June, 2015.

Notification

3/4/2012-PER

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution of India and all other enabling powers in this behalf, the Governor of Goa, in consultation with the Goa Public Service Commission, as conveyed vide its letter No. COM/II/13/42(1)/2013/405 dated 10-06-2015, hereby makes the following rules, so as to further amend the Goa Civil Service Rules, 1997, as follows, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) These rules may be called the Goa Civil Service (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2015.

(2) They shall come into force from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. *Substitution of rule 7.*— In the Goa Civil Service Rules, 1997, for rule 7, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

“7. *Competitive examination.*— (1) A competitive examination for direct recruitment to the Service shall be conducted by the Commission, in the manner notified by the Government, from time to time. The dates on which and the places at which the examination will be held, shall be fixed by the Commission.

(2) Whenever written examination for any post in the Service is conducted by the Commission, the results of such written examination shall be communicated by the Commission to the Government and displayed prominently on the Notice Board in the Commission's office.

(3) The pass percentage for any such written examination shall be minimum 65 per cent marks.

(4) There shall be no short-listing of candidates for the oral interview and all candidates who secure pass percentage at the written examination, shall be called for the oral interview:

Provided that if adequate number of candidates from reserved categories securing pass percentage at the written examination are not available to be called for the interview in respect of vacancies reserved for them, then, to the extent of such shortfall, the pass percentage for candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes shall be minimum 55 per cent of marks and for Other Backward Class, Physically Handicapped and for Children of Freedom Fighters, it shall be minimum 60 per cent of marks.

(5) Marks allotted for interview shall be clearly notified in advance.

(6) All such oral interviews shall be conducted under CCTV surveillance or videography and the proceedings thereof shall also be video-recorded and such recording shall form Permanent Record of the Commission.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Yetindra M. Maralkar, Additional Secretary (Personnel).

Porvorim, 10th June, 2015.

Notification

1/12/2005-PER (P.F.I)

In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Goa hereby makes the following rules to regulate the recruitment to the Group 'C' and Group 'D', Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial posts, for the India Reserve Battalion in the Office of the Director General of Police, Government of Goa, namely:—

1. *Short title, application and commencement.*— (1) These rules may be called the Government of Goa, Office of the Director General of Police, India Reserve Battalion, Group 'C' and Group 'D', Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial posts, Recruitment Rules, 2015.

(2) They shall apply to the posts specified in column (2) of the Schedule to these rules (hereinafter called as the "said Schedule").

(3) They shall come into force from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. *Number, classification and scale of pay.*— The number of posts, classification of the said posts and the scale of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in columns (3) to (5) of the said Schedule:

Provided that the Government may vary the number of posts in column (3) of the said Schedule from time to time subject to exigencies of work.

3. *Method of recruitment, age limit and other qualifications.*— The method of recruitment to the said posts, age limit, qualifications and other matters

connected therewith shall be as specified in columns (6) to (14) of the said Schedule.

4. *Disqualification.*— No person who has entered into or contracted a marriage with a person having a spouse living or who, having a spouse living, has entered into or contracted a marriage with any person, shall be eligible for appointment to the service:

Provided that the Government may, if satisfied that such marriage is permissible under the personal law applicable to such person and the other party to the marriage and that there are other grounds for so doing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

5. *Power to relax.*— Where, the Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, by order, for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.

6. *Saving.*— Nothing in these rules shall affect reservation, relaxation of age limit and other concessions required to be provided for Scheduled Castes and other special categories of persons in accordance with the orders issued by the Government from time to time in that regard.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

Vijay M. Paranjape, Joint Secretary (Personnel).

Porvorim, 12th May, 2015.

SCHEDULE

Serial No	Name/Designation of the post	Number of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Whether the benefit of added years of service is admissible under Rule 30 of CCS (Pension) Rules, 1972	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Whether age & educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of probation, if any	Method of recruitment, whether by direct recruitment or by promotion/deputation/transfer/contract and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of recruitment by promotion/deputation/transfer, grades from which promotion/deputation/transfer is to be made	If a D.P.C./D.S.C. exists, what is its composition	Circumstances in which the Goa Public Service Commission is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7 (a)	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1.	Pharmacists (Armed Subject Police).	02 (2015)	Group 'C', Non-Gazetted, variation dependent on workload.	PB-1 Rs. 5,200-20,200 + Grade Pay Rs. 2,800/-.	N. A.	Not exceeding 40 years (Relaxable for Government servants upto five years in accordance with the instructions or orders issued by the Government from time to time).	No. Essential: (1) Degree or Diploma in Pharmacy from a recognised University. (2) Should be registered with the State Council of Pharmacy. (3) Two years experience in case of Degree holder and three years experience in case of Diploma holder, in a reputed Pharmacy. (4) Knowledge of Konkani. Desirable: Knowledge of Marathi.	Whether age & educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Two years.	By direct recruitment.	N. A.	N. A.	Group 'C', D.S.C./D.P.C.	N. A.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7 (a)	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
2. Nursing Assistant (Armed Police).	01 (Subject to variation dependent on workload).	1S Rs. 4,440-7,440 + Non-Grade Pay Rs. 1,300/-.	N. A.	Not exceeding 40 years (Relaxable for Government servants upto five years in accordance with the instructions or orders issued by the Government from time to time).	No.	Essential: (1) VIIIth Pass. (2) Knowledge of Konkani. Desirable: (1) Knowledge of Marathi. (2) Experience in the dispensary.	N. A.	N. A.	Two years.	By direct recruitment.	N. A.	Group 'D', D.S.C./D.P.C.	N. A.	

Corrigendum

15/22/96-PER/Part-I

Read: Notification No. 15/22/96-PER/Part-I dated 29-6-2015.

The date of Notification, referred to in preamble, vide which sanction of the Government is accorded for Departmental Examination to Shri Premanand K. Naik, BDO may be read as "29-5-2015" instead of "29-6-2015".

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

R. Aga, Under Secretary (Personnel-II).

Porvorim, 5th June, 2015.

Department of Transport

Directorate of Transport

—
NotificationD.Tpt/EST/F-2198/RoadSafetyScenario/2015/
/1955Sub.: State Road Safety Policy and Action Plan
for Goa.**Preamble.—**

The vehicle population of the State has reached 10 lakhs, out of which approximately 7 lakhs are Two Wheelers. The average growth is approx. 12% year on year. In the calendar year 2014, 290 people lost their lives in road accidents and the numbers of accidents during the year were 4229. This is a matter of great concern and the Government recognizes that road safety has to be addressed in holistic manner by providing safer roads, safer vehicles, safer drivers and effective, and efficient enforcement of safety rules/ regulations. In this context, the Government has felt a need to come out with Road Safety Policy which is comprehensive and addresses all related issues that need to be acted upon in this regard.

In the light of this and keeping in view, the Government of India, Road Safety Policy and to achieve the target set under UN Decade for Action for Road Safety to reduce fatalities in road accidents by 50% by the year 2020, the Road Safety Policy for the State is formulated.

Vision.—

The MORTH theme for the Road Safety Week this year, "**Safety is not just a slogan, it's a way of life**" actually means that road safety shall be part and parcel of our day to day life. Such an approach should be based on the following principles;

(a) **Priority**— Human life and health are important and safety consideration should take priority over mobility.

(b) **Human errors** - To err is human, thus human beings are prone to make errors due to

their physical, mental and driving limitations, therefore the transportation system shall be such that the safety precedes such errors and the harm is reduced whenever they occur; and

(c) **Public concern** – The main concern of any Road Safety Policy should be safety of all road users. Engineers, Enforcement Agencies, Health Authority must guarantee the best safety standards for all citizens may it be motorists, pedestrians, disabled persons, school children or any other person.

Though zero tolerance to accidents or the WHO slogan "Road Safety is no Accident" it is not practically possible at this stage, as accidents are bound to happen, however, can be controlled by various measures as;

(a) **Reduce the chances of accidents** – by applying the principle of 3 E's i.e. Traffic Engineering, Traffic Enforcement and Traffic Education.

(b) **Reduce the harm done when accident occurs** – by adopting better safety standards of vehicles and use of safety equipments such as Seat Belts, Helmets, Air bags etc.

(c) **Reduce the post accident harm** – by providing efficient and effective Emergency Medical response and quick treat of accident victims.

(d) **Effective Public Transport** – by providing effective, efficient and safe public transport. Number of vehicles on roads can be reduced thereby reducing the chances of accidents.

On this background, the Government shall attempt the reduction of road accidents to about 2098 by the year 2020 from the present level of 4229 in accordance to the UN Resolution.

KEY ACTION AREAS OF ROAD SAFETY POLICY

For the purpose of road safety following 11 Key Action Areas have been identified and the Government would vigorously pursue the actionables so as to achieve the desired target to reduce the accidents to 50% by the year 2020.

1. Goa State Road Safety Council.
2. Data collection and Management System.
3. Road Safety publicity campaign and awareness.
4. Road Safety Education, Training and Sensitization of stake holders.
5. Safer Road Infrastructure.
6. Enforcement of traffic laws by strengthening Traffic Police and Transport Enforcement.
7. Emergency Medical Assistance to accident victims.
8. Setting up of Driver's Training, Testing Track.
9. Ensuring safety of vulnerable road users like students, pedestrians etc.
10. Strengthening instructional and financial resources.
11. Implementation strategy.

1. *Goa State Road Safety Council.*— To coordinate with the number of agencies like PWD, Transport, Police, Health and Development Authorities etc. involved in the road safety activities, Goa State Road Safety Council has been constituted vide Notification No. D.Tpt/839-III/2005/728 dated 15-09-2005 and entrusted with the task of co-ordination and management of road safety programmes in the State. In order to enhance and have effective inter departmental coordination, the Council shall function as nodal agency. The Council shall also ensure that District Road Safety Councils North & South shall actively perform their duties by having regular meetings and implementation of the decisions taken in such meetings.

2. *Data collection and Management System.*— The Traffic Cell of the Police Department shall implement software of Accident Reporting and Data Analysis in selected Police Stations which can be further expanded and Traffic Police and Transport Department officials could be imparted the training on its use. To supplement this data base, accident data from Insurance Companies, Motor Accident Claim Tribunals (MACT), Hospitals/Trauma Care Centers and other sources could be collected and compiled. Further such data shall be shared with Media Print as well as Electronic so as to bring in awareness amongst general public.

3. *Road Safety publicity campaign and awareness.*— Public Safety Campaign would be

launched for mass education on use of Helmet/Seat Belt, Dangerous driving, Over-speeding, Signal Jumping and Overtaking from wrong side etc. The Government would take necessary steps to raise awareness about the issues of Road Safety including social, economical and human suffering implications on road accidents. Road Safety publicity campaigns will be used to propagate "**Good Road Safety Practices**" among the community. The Department of Transport shall prepare small clippings of one to two minutes for display at cinema theatres and also prepare documentaries of duration of five to ten minutes for showing to the candidates who are appearing for Motor Driving License test.

4. *Road Safety Education, Training and sensitization of stake holders.*— The Transport Department, Traffic Police Cell and Education Department would be involved in developing school base road safety education programmes for school children. Road Safety Education could also be made a part of a school curriculum for enhancing road safety awareness at an early age. The teachers training programme could also be undertaken and production of education material for school children, teacher's guide will be taken up. Road Safety Community programmes at Panchayats, school neighborhood area works centers would be formulated and implemented. The Government will extend support to the Municipal/Village Panchayat Road Safety and management Committees to implement Road Safety Training.

5. *Safer road infrastructure.*— A Manual for the State on "**Safety-conscious Highway Design Standards**" would be adopted and specific sections on "**Safety at road Works**" would be incorporated. Road Safety Auditing of existing roads and new roads would be carried out in a phased manner.

Accident prone locations would be identified and improved in phased manner for all important roads in the State. PWD, Traffic Cell and other agencies would carry out "**Before and After**" studies for all remedial works and evaluate the effectiveness of Safety Schemes. Speed breakers, zebra lines, reflectors etc. would be used wherever found necessary.

Introduce the latest planning, design and construction techniques in a sustained manner, including appropriate signages and remove encroachments and obstructions affecting the full use of roads.

6. Enforcement of traffic laws by strengthening Traffic Police and Transport Department Enforcement.— The Government would take steps to improve quality of enforcement to ensure effective and uniform implementation of safety laws. The steps would be undertaken to establish and strengthen highway patrolling on major roads. Training programmes for Traffic Police in effective law enforcement, use of modern equipments and dealing with traffic law offenders need to be undertaken. Effective enforcement will have direct impact on reduction in road accidents. The Transport Department to have independent Prosecution Cells for North and South District in order to take further action on all memos/challans that remains uncompounded.

7. Emergency Medical Assistance to accident victims.— The Government would strive to ensure that all persons involved in road accidents benefit from speedy and effective trauma care and management. The current practice of 108 shall be reviewed. Upgrade and disseminate awareness about the system of accident care and health management through effective publicity campaigns. Promote involvement of private practitioners and hospitals in EMR and Trauma Care through training, adequate safeguards and incentives.

8. Setting up of Driver's Training, Testing Track.— The Government would strengthen the system of driver licensing and training to improve the competence and capability of drivers. Drivers Training and Testing Track shall be established at Ponda, particularly to train heavy vehicle drivers for various topographical situation which would be fully computerized testing without any human element. As far as possible efforts would be made to test the driver without any human

element by using Electronic Sensors on the testing track.

9. Ensuring safety of vulnerable Road Users like students, pedestrians etc.— Pedestrians, cyclists and children are particularly vulnerable and are involved in a large number of accidents. To ensure safety for these vulnerable road users, the Government to make road safety education programmes mandatory in schools.

10. Strengthening Institutional and Financial Resources.— The Government would take suitable steps to ensure that, the required institutional and financial environments for road safety works are further strengthened. The concerned Department would be encouraged to provide enough financial resources for road safety activities of their Department. 50% of the amount collected by way of fines/penalty by enforcement agencies shall be made available for implementation of the Road Safety programmes.

11. Implementation strategy.— The Goa State Road Safety Council would take suitable steps to implement the Road Safety Policy and Action Plan to coordinate and oversee the works related to road safety. This policy indicates a broad outline of the measures to be taken. The various Departments of the Government will formulate specific measures and take appropriate action to give effect to this policy. The Goa State Road Safety Council shall periodically review this policy and make recommendations to the Government for modification as and when necessary.

By order and in the name of Governor of Goa.

Arun L. Desai, Director & ex officio Additional Secretary (Transport).

Panaji, 8th May, 2015.

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